Years 9 band plan — Australian Curriculum: Music

Overview for planning with the Australian Curriculum: The Arts

This band plan has been developed in consultation with the Curriculum into the Classroom (C2C) project team.

School nam	School name:				
Australian Curriculum: The Arts		Band: Years 9-10	Arts subject: Music		
Identify curriculum ¹	Course organisation	The Arts have the capacity to engage, inspire and enrich all students, exciting the imagination and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. In the Australian Curriculum, the Arts is a learning area that draws together related but distinct art forms. While these art forms have close relationships and are often used in interrelated ways, each involves different approaches to arts practices and critical and creative thinking that reflect distinct bodies of knowledge, understanding and skills. The curriculum examines past, current and emerging arts practices in each art form across a range of cultures and places.			
		In Music, students listen to, compose and perform music from a diverse range of music. Music practice is aurally based and focuses on acquiring and using knowledge.	styles, traditions and contexts. They create, shape and share sounds in time and space and critically analyse edge, understanding and skills about music and musicians.		
		In addition to the overarching aims of the Australian Curriculum: The Arts, Music • the confidence to be creative, innovative, thoughtful, skilful and informed music	knowledge, understanding and skills ensure that, individually and collaboratively, students develop:		
		 skills to compose, perform, improvise, respond and listen with intent and purpose 			
		aesthetic knowledge and respect for music and music practices across global of the second secon			
		an understanding of music as an aural art form as they acquire skills to become			
		Contant deconintions in each Automities the fleet the internal standard of Maliju	n and Daanandina		
		Content descriptions in each Arts subject reflect the interrelated strands of Making	g and Responding. ses, materials and technologies to explore arts practices and make artworks that communicate ideas and		
		intentions.	ses, materials and technologies to explore arts practices and make artworks that communicate ideas and		
		Responding includes exploring, responding to, analysing and interpreting artwo	rks.		
		Music at Ignatius Park College is an 'elective' subject studied on a one term rotat an elective in Year 9 and Year 10. Students study Music for 6 x 50 minute lesson	on basis with other elective subjects during Year 7 and Year 8. Students then choose to study the subject as in a two-week cycle.		
	Phase curriculum focus Curriculum focus: Years 7 to 10				
		As students move into adolescence, they undergo a range of important physical, and values. Their interests extend well beyond their own communities and they b	cognitive, emotional and social changes. Students often begin to question established conventions, practices egin to develop concerns about wider issues. Students in this age range increasingly look for and value leads to important outcomes. Increasingly they are able to work with more abstract concepts and consider the contestability of ideas, debating alternative answers and interpretations.		
			own immediate experience and their understanding of the wider world. Learning through and about the Arts blore and engage with artworks made by others. They make their own artworks drawing on their developing		
		Students' understanding of sustainability is progressively developed. They explor the Arts.	e how the Arts are used to communicate about sustainability and also learn about sustainability of practices in		
		development of different traditional and contemporary styles. Students explore Al	oral records to other technologies. As they explore forms, students learn that over time there has been original and Torres Strait Islander art forms that are publicly available for broader participation in their ommunity consultation and endorsement. They identify and explore the social relationships that have ses in Australia, reflected in developments of forms and styles in the Arts.		
		this artwork? What is the cultural context of the artwork and of the audience engatheir time? How do audiences perceive and understand artworks? What does the	pad questions such as: What meaning is intended in an artwork? What does the audience understand from ging with it? What key beliefs and values are reflected in artworks and how did artists influence societies of advancement of technology mean to the presentation of, and audience engagement with, different artworks? hat are meaningful and relevant to them and through exploration of past and present debates		

¹ Source: Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA), Australian Curriculum: The Arts — www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/the-arts/curriculum/f-10?layout=1.



	Band description	In Years 9 and 10, learning in Music builds on the experience of the previous band. It involves students making and responding to music independently and in small groups, and with their teachers and communities. They explore music as an art form through listening, composing and performing.
		Students continue to develop their aural skills as they build on their understanding and use of the elements of music. They extend their understanding and use of more complex rhythms and diversity of pitch and incorporate dynamics and expression in different forms. They extend their use of and identification of timbre to discriminate between different instruments and different voice types.
		They build on their understanding of their role within an ensemble as they control tone and volume in a range of styles using instrumental and vocal techniques. In performance they extend technical and expressive skills from the previous band.
		As they experience music, students draw on music from a range of cultures, times and locations. They explore the music and influences of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, and those of the Asia region. Students learn that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people have converted oral records to other technologies. As they explore music forms, students learn that over time there has been further development of different traditional and contemporary styles. Students reflect on the development of traditional and contemporary styles of music and how musicians can be identified through the style of their music.
		As they make and respond to music, students explore meaning and interpretation, forms and elements and social, cultural and historical contexts of music. They evaluate performers' success in expressing the composers' intentions and expressive skills in music they listen to and perform.
		Students maintain safety, correct posture and technique in using instruments and technologies. Their understanding of the roles of artists and audiences builds upon previous bands as students engage with more diverse music.
	Achievement standard	By the end of Year 10, students analyse different scores and performances aurally and visually. They evaluate the use of elements of music and defining characteristics from different musical styles. They use their understanding of music making in different cultures, times and places to inform and shape their interpretations, performances and compositions.
		Students interpret, rehearse and perform solo and ensemble repertoire in a range of forms and styles. They interpret and perform music with technical control, expression and stylistic understanding. They use aural skills to recognise elements of music and memorise aspects of music such as pitch and rhythm sequences. They use knowledge of the elements of music, style and notation to compose, document and share their music.
	Content descriptions	For each unit:
		• Improvise and arrange music, using aural recognition of texture, dynamics and expression to manipulate the elements of music to explore personal style in composition and performance (ACAMUM099)
		Manipulate combinations of the elements of music in a range of styles, using technology and notation (ACAMUM100)
		Practise and rehearse to refine a variety of performance repertoire with increasing technical and interpretative skill (ACAMUM101)
		Plan and organise compositions with an understanding of style and convention, including drawing upon Australian music by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander artists (ACAMUM102) Convention of the con
		Perform music applying techniques and expression to interpret the composer's use of elements of music (ACAMUM103) Finally to a group of music and expressitions to inform and refine the injury as and performance (ACAMUD104).
		• Evaluate a range of music and compositions to inform and refine their own compositions and performances (ACAMUR104)
		Analyse a range of music from contemporary and past times to explore differing viewpoints and enrich their music making, starting with Australian music, including music of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, and consider music in international contexts (ACAMUR105)
Teaching and learning	Viewpoints ²	The Australian Curriculum: The Arts outlines a range of viewpoints — a collection of perspectives, lenses or frames through which artworks can be explored and interpreted. These perspectives, lenses and frames include the contexts, knowledge and evaluations students consider when both making and responding to artworks.
		Music exists distinctively in every culture and is a basic expression of human experience. Students' active participation in music fosters understanding of other times, places, cultures and contexts.
		In both Making and Responding, students learn that meanings can be generated from different viewpoints and that these shift according to different world encounters. As students make, investigate or critique music as composers, performers and audiences, they may ask and answer questions to interrogate, explore and investigate the composers' and performers' meanings, and the audiences' interpretations. Meanings and interpretations are informed by contexts of societies, cultures and histories, and an understanding of how elements, materials, skills and processes are used. These questions provide the basis for making informed critical judgments about their own music and the music they interpret as musicians and listen to as audiences. The complexity and sophistication of such questions will change across Foundation to Year 10. In the later years, students will consider the interests and concerns of composers, performers and audiences regarding philosophies and ideologies, critical theories, institutions and psychology.

² Source: Australian Curriculum, Assessment and Reporting Authority (ACARA), Australian Curriculum: The Arts — Music: Rationale and Learning in Music, www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/the-arts/music/rationale.

Key questions: Years 9 and 10

- Context as artist and audience:
- How are the elements of music used to convey a cultural identity?
- What historical forces and influences are evident in music?
- How are pieces of music reflective of the social context in which it was created?
- How is the representation of musical ideas a reflection of musicians' viewpoints?
- Knowledge as artist and audience:
 - How do musicians manipulate elements of music, skills and techniques to enhance composition and performance in a variety of styles?
- What terminology, symbols, notation and compositional devices are required to compose and perform music with expression?
- What technical and interpretative skills heighten compositional and performance success and strength?
- What constitutes a personal musical style?
- Evaluations and judgments as artist and audience:
 - How do changes in instrumentation and orchestration affect the interpretation of pieces of music?
- How do various performances of the same repertoire differ and why?
- How has technology impacted on audiences, the music industry and the way we consume music?
- What philosophical, ideological and/or political perspectives evident in music affect an audience's interpretation of it?

Unit overview Term 1 - Rock Music Term 2 - Australian Music Term 3 - Musical Architecture Term 4 - Music In The Media The Australian Curriculum Explore the successful formulas for composing a Explore, Art, Indigenous, Folk and popular music Explore the history and development of rock Explore the music of various mediums we assumes that students in Years from Australia. Learn about Australian bands, musical masterpiece. From Classical works and pop music over 70 years. Compose in rock encounter in our everyday lives. From 9 and 10 will have the to the latest chart-toppers. What structures Music history, composers and their music. computer games to advertisements on the structure and develop performing skills on opportunity to specialise in one do composers use and can we replicate this radio, we are surrounded and influenced by guitar. **Key Questions:** or more Arts subjects. music and its many forms. • What different genres of Australian Schools decide which units of **Key Questions: Key Questions:** Music exist? **Key Questions:** study per subject to complete. How are the elements of music used to • How is music used in our everyday What is the the historical context of and how and when. This band Where and How did Rock and Roll construct a piece of music? lives? these different music styles and genres? plan provides one potential unit. originate? What structures have composers and What compositional techniques are used What Artists, Bands and Composers How has Rock and Popular Music artists used and can we replicate these to enhance a concept, highlight a have influenced Australian Music? evolved throughout the past 70 years? forms? product or communicate an idea? What Traditional music elements and Who were the innovators and trail-What terminology, symbols, notation and How do music elements enhance a Instruments are uniquely Australian? blazers? compositional devices are required to movie and what are the functions of How has Australian Popular and What music elements contributed to the compose a successful work? music in Film? Indigenous Music influenced the global structures and styles of popular music? What artistic choices can we make to How has music technology impacted on music industry? What Instruments and Music construct, arrange and design a popular consumers and audiences, creative How can the elements of music be Characteritics are commonly used? score? industries and the way we use music? manipulated to create a uniquely How is Rock Music reflective of the Who are the leaders in advertising and Australian composition? social context of the time? marketing design? By the end of this unit students will: By the end of this unit students will: Identify various forms and structures of · Develop an understanding and By the end of this unit students will: Classical and contemporary styles of By the end of this unit students will: awareness of the different genres of Evaluate a range of music and music. Australian Music and how we appreciate compositions that involve various Analyse a range of music from various this music as listeners and performers. • Manipulate combinations of the elements Popular music styles and genres to styles and genres exploring similarities of music within a advertising jingle Manipulate combinations of the elements inform and refine their own compositions and differences in structures and design to develop and sell a product with of music in creating Australian music that and performances identifying the formula of Repetition and intentions to engage a particular involves various styles and genres using Identify the major developments in Rock Contrast within a work. consumer audience. technology and notation. and Roll. Manipulate combinations of the elements Develop an understanding and Plan and organise compositions Manipulate combinations of the elements of music in creating an arrangement of a awareness of the different ways we are involving various genres with an of music in music that involves various Classical work and adapting it to a immersed in Music in our everyday lives understanding of music convention, Popular music styles and genres using contemporary form using technology and and how we appreciate this music as including drawing upon Australian music technology and notation notation. listeners, consumers and participants. by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Practise and rehearse performance artists Practise and rehearse performance Practise and rehearse to refine a variety techniques to refine a variety of techniques to refine a variety of film, of performance repertoire including Rock Practise and rehearse performance repertoire. Developing increasing computer and television music scores. Music of various styles and genres with techniques to refine a variety of technical and interpretative skill. Developing increasing technical and increasing technical and interpretative Australian music repertoire. Developing interpretative skill. skill increasing technical and interpretative Understand how music elements Analyse a range of music from contemporary and early Rock Music enhance a movie and are Analyse a range of music from exploring historical and social influences. communicating link between what a contemporary and past times that Consider popular music in international viewer sees and how they feel. involves Australian music genres to contexts. Evaluate how the elements of music, in explore differing viewpoints and enrich Perform music on Guitar, applying particular forms and mediums can their music making, starting with convey an idea and an emotive effect. techniques and music elements of early Australian music, including music of Rock and Roll structure. Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, and identify Australian music in international contexts. Literacy Critical and creative thinking Personal and social capability Personal and social capability Personal and social capability Personal and social capability **General capabilities** 5 Intercultural understanding Intercultural understanding ICT capability ICT capability Sustainability Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Asia and Australian Engagement with Asia Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Sustainability histories and cultures **Cross-curriculum priorities** histories and cultures Sustainability Asia and Australian Engagement with Asia

Assessment

The Years 7 to 10 The Arts: Australian Curriculum in Queensland — assessment and reporting advice and guidelines brings together advice about assessment, making judgments and reporting in a single document:

www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/downloads/p _10/ac_arts_yr7-10.pdf

Composing Task: Students identify key music elements in early Rock and Roll structure. They will compose their own 12 Bar Blues work using the computer software program Sibelius notation.

Performing Task: Students perform on Guitar "Rock Around the Clock" by Bill Haley and the Comets as a solo in front of their peers.

Responding Task: Students respond to stimulus and analyse a range of music from contemporary and early Rock Music. They will evaluate repertoire through the deconstruction of music elements. Students will aurally analyse melodic and rhythmic exercises and identify chordal and interval exercises.

Performing Task: Students perform an Australian rock and pop, folk, Indigenous or classical work as a solo or small ensemble.

Responding Task: Students respond to music and material covered throughout the unit. They will evaluate Australian music repertoire through the deconstruction of music elements. Students will aurally analyse melodic and rhythmic exercises and identify chordal and interval exercises

Composing Task: Students identify key music elements within the structure of a work, highlighting the concept of Repetition and Contrast. Students will arrange a Classical work adapting it to suit a contemporary dance music sub-genre (i.e Techno, Acid, Trance, House Music) using the computer software program Sibelius notation.

Responding Task: Students respond to music and material covered throughout the unit. They will analyse and evaluate the structure of music through the deconstruction of music elements. Students will aurally analyse melodic and rhythmic exercises and identify chordal and interval exercises

Performing Task: Students perform on their chosen instrument a piece of music from a Film, Television show or computer game. They can perform the work as a solo or small ensemble.

Composing (Two-part Folio)Task:

Part 1: Students develop a product or idea, create a logo and slogan and compose a 16 Bar jingle to advertise their concept. Students will use the computer software program Sibelius notation.

Part 2: Students compose a 20 second film score to a particular scene using the loop-based software program Mixcraft movie maker.

Consistency of teacher judgments

- Make judgments of student achievements using the relevant achievement standards and task-specific standards.
- Identify opportunities to moderate samples of student work at a school or cluster level to reach consensus and consistency.
- Make consistent and comparable judgments by matching characteristics of the student work and qualities in the achievement standards.

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